# A Tutorial to creating the forests of Hauntsville or any or village 

## Larry Treadwell

Part 1 The Basic Tree
When I first started displaying the little lit houses that make up our villages I was told the secret to a successful village display was that "You can NEVER have enough trees." As the years have gone by I have learned the truth of this advice.

There is much more to setting up a Village like Hauntsville (or any other village) then just lining up buildings and plugging in the lights. Of course we all add the little people to populate the village and a few street lights as well, but if you want the village to come to life it is the landscaping that really matters and the chief component of landscaping is the trees. Not just any old tree, but the right types of trees are what is needed. I have spent years shopping both the Department 56 and the Lemax catalogs and while they feature a few excellent trees l've found the trees that draw the greatest attention from those who view my villages are the ones I make myself. Each of my trees is unique and I can make it to the exact size, shape and color I want for the

wire is 18 inches long and comes in various weights. Shown here is 20 calibre wire and is what I use most often. You will also need a wire cutter. I usually use a pair of needle nose pliers that have a wire cutting feature but any wire cutter will work. The needle nose pliers are necessary when you begin to make the speciality trees.


To make the basic tree you will need 25 pieces of 9 inch wire. Start by taking 13 pieces of 18 inch stem wire and cut each wire in half using the pliers. Next take a piece of the cut wire and wrap about 4 inches of the wire with the stem wrap tape. Start at one end and rotate the wire between your finger and thumb while pulling the tape diagonally down the wire. It does not have to be neat, you just have to cover the wire. Keep the tape tight and when you have covered about 4 inches of wire tear the tape to separate the roll from the wire. You have now completed your first twig.

| STEP 3 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| You will need to wrap 5 of the 9 inch <br> wires to make one tree branch and a <br> total of 25 wires are required to make <br> the entire tree. I suggest wrapping all <br> 25 wires before moving on to the tree <br> assembly phase. When you get all the <br> wires wrapped you should separate <br> them into groups of five as shown at <br> the right. I refer to these single wires <br> as twigs. |  |  |  |  |
| To assemble your first branch select 3 <br> of the wires (twigs) and line them up <br> roughly evenly with all the taped ends <br> facing the same direction. Leaving an <br> inch to an inch and a half of the taped <br> section exposed, use the floral tape to <br> tape the three pieces together as <br> shown at the right. Consider each of <br> the individually wrapped wire to be a <br> twig. You have now combined 3 twigs <br> to begin one branch. |  |  |  |  |



| You should now have 20 taped wires |
| :--- |
| (twigs) remaining. Repeat steps 4-6 so |
| that you will end up with 5 branches as |
| shown on the right each being made of |
| 5 individual twigs. I suggest you |
| slightly spread the taped twigs as |
| shown. This will make it easier to see |
| how the branches you are about to |
| assemble will look. While I suggest |
| using sets of 5 twigs to make each |
| branch there is no rule that requires |
| that each branch has 5 pieces. Do not |
| use less than three, but you could use |
| 5 to 7 if you desire. Afterall it is your |
| tree. The more twigs you use the |
| thicker you tree will look. |
| Now select two of the 5 branches you |
| just completed in step 7. Place one |
| about an inch to an inch and a half |
| below the other and then tape them |
| together as shown. You should extend |
| the tape at least 1.5 inches below the |
| junction where the two branches |
| meet. This will give you 1 completed |
| limb made of 2 branches. Repeat this |
| step so that you have two limbs. |



STEP 11

To add character to your tree take each of the 25 wrapped twigs and bend and twist them so that they are no longer straight. The more you bend and twist the more interesting the tree becomes. You can also bend and twist each of the branches and limbs as well.

To store your tree when you take the village down just squeeze all the limbs tightly together. The more times you open and set up your tree the better it will look.

Since my entire village is set up on a Styrofoam base all I have to do is stick the trunk of the tree into the foam and it will be "planted" into the display. In the next edition when I discuss how to make special trees I will explain how to make the tree self standing.


There are no rules to tree making. Go ahead and be creative. By combining several basic trees, such as what you just made, you will be able to make bigger and more complex trees. You can add extra limbs, branches, or single twigs as you please, no two trees are ever the same. In my next edition I will show how you can take the basics you learned here and with a few easy adjustments or additions you can create some stunning and unique trees that will add a great deal of interest to your village.

These trees are easy to make and I often make them while watching television. While watching a single movie I can easily make 4-5 trees. So get busy. What are you waiting for?

Until next time.

Pictured below on the left is a basic tree while on the right is a


